Sharing and Visualization of ASO/iSnobal Data through FERIX

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CA Cooperative Snow Surveys Historical Perspective

Dr. James E. Church invents Mt. Rose Snow Sampler 1908 1910 First snow course data recorded in Lake Tahoe Basin Church publishes full account of surveying techniques and funding for CA Surveys approved through 1923 1917 1923 LADWP begins snow surveys in Owens Basin AB 403 creates California Cooperative Snow Surveys with funding through 1933 1929 1930 First published April 1 forecasts "Soil Conservation Service founded and first meeting of the Western Snow Conference" 1933 No forecasts made for 1934 & 35 due to lack of funding. Cooperators continue to fund data collection 1934 AB 1000 refunded forecasting 1935 SCS assumes Federal responsibility for snow surveys 1939 Snow Surveys authorized permanently by Legislature and predecessor to Central Sierra Snow Lab established 1943 1946 WSC begins publication of proceedings separate from AGU 1947 Corps of Engineers introduces radio-isotope snow sensor 1952 Central Sierra Snow Lab transferred to USFS Aerial Marker snow depth program began 1953 State Lakes and Mitchell Meadow telemetered snow sensors installed by the US Army Corps 1954 1964 First Wilderness Act passed Butyl rubber snow pillow developed and Alpha site established 1965 1968 Sacramento Municipal Utility District installed snow sensor at Robb's Power House "Mini" version of Bulletin 120 began publication to speed delivery of forecast information 1973 Aerial Marker snow depth program largely terminated 1974 Development finished on the "metal wafer" style of snow pillow at Alpha site 1976 First GOES snow sensor sites installed at Dana Meadows, Big Meadows, and Paradise Meadow 1980 1982 No Annual Cooperator's Meeting First snow sensors installed in USFS designated wilderness areas 1983 1986 CDEC established "Computer generated copy for Bulletin 120 to reduce printing time implemented" 1987 1989 The "mini" B120 eliminated 1996 Development of the Cosmic snow sensor by Sandia National Labs began 1999 Bulletin 120 first available via internet 2006 Bulletin 120 Forecast Equations Updated 2007 Bulletin 120 80% Forecast Probabilities Revised 2008 Efforts begin to scan all snow notes

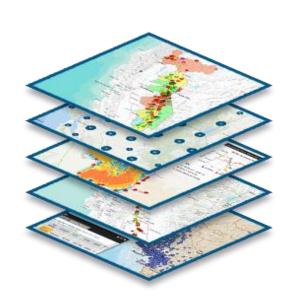


ASO Program Historical Perspective

2009	First consideration
2010	Startup commitment by NASA JPL
2011	Partnership with CA Department of Water Resources
2012	Funding Commitment by NASA
2012	First snow-free flights in August (Tuolumne)
2013	First snow-on acquisition in April (Tuolumne)
2013	First 24 hour turnaround in late April
2014	Expansion of California to include Lakes, Merced, Kings, and Rush
2016	Expansion to include Cherry/Eleanor
2017	Expansion to San Joaquin
2018	50 th full Tuolumne acquisition



FERIX Flood Emergency Response Information Exchange



Online system to access and exchange data in real-time through Web GIS interface

Developed by CA Department of Water Resources CDEC

Designed to improve flood emergency preparedness, response, and recovery

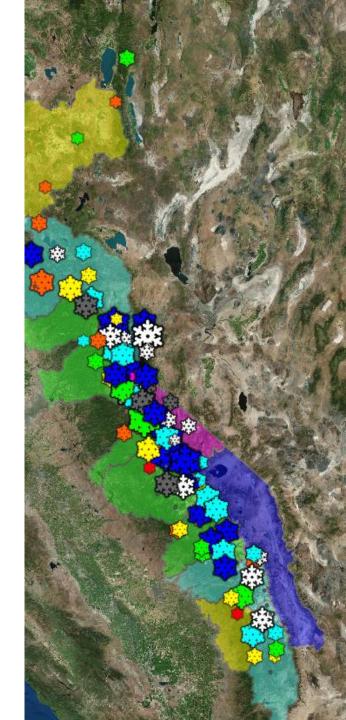
Integrates geo-referenced databases, realtime data collection and exchange systems, decision support system, H&H models and tools, and flood-related documents

FERIX Real-Time Hydrology

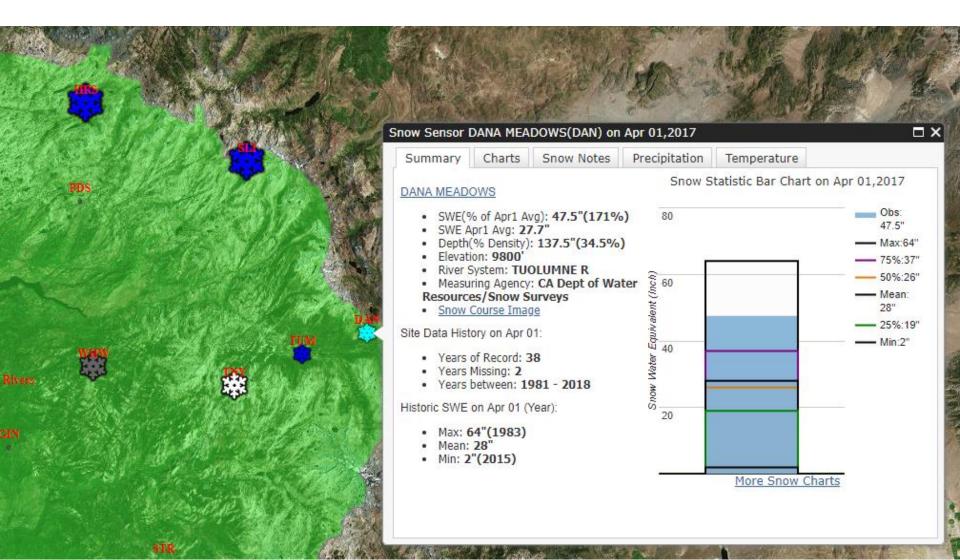
View and share real-time hydrologic data

Displays CDEC stations, snow course and sensor data, reservoir information

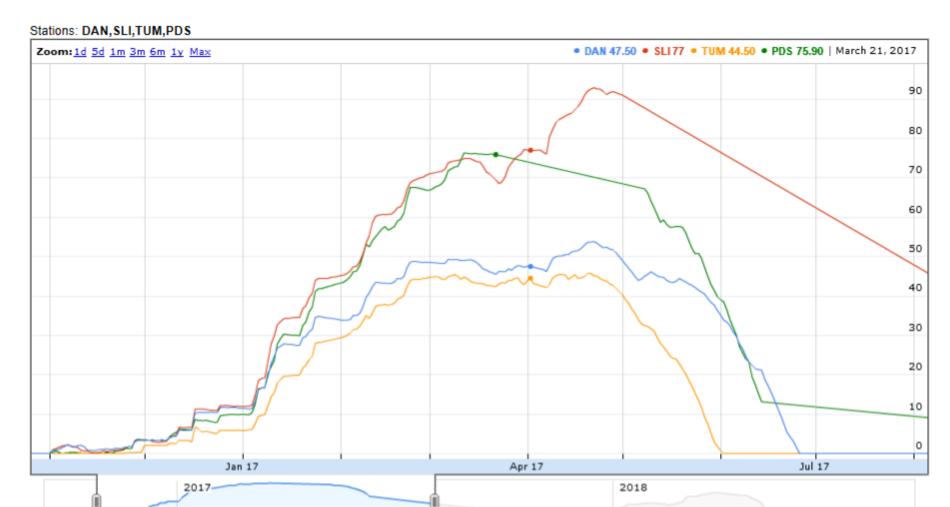
Provides search, query, charting, and sharing function for users



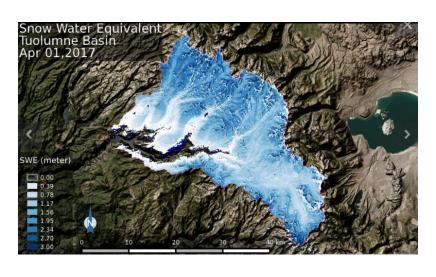
Snow Sensor Data on FERIX



Snow Sensor Data on FERIX



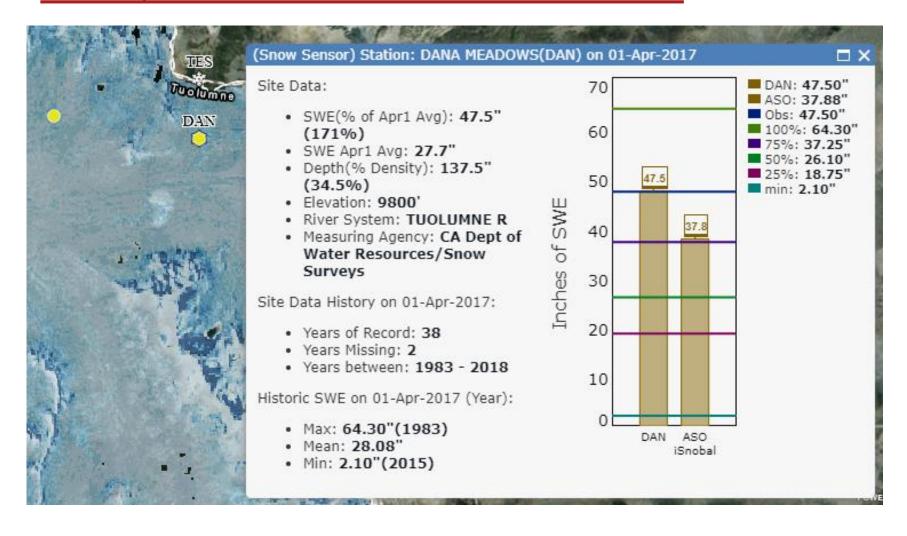
ASO/iSnobal on FERIX

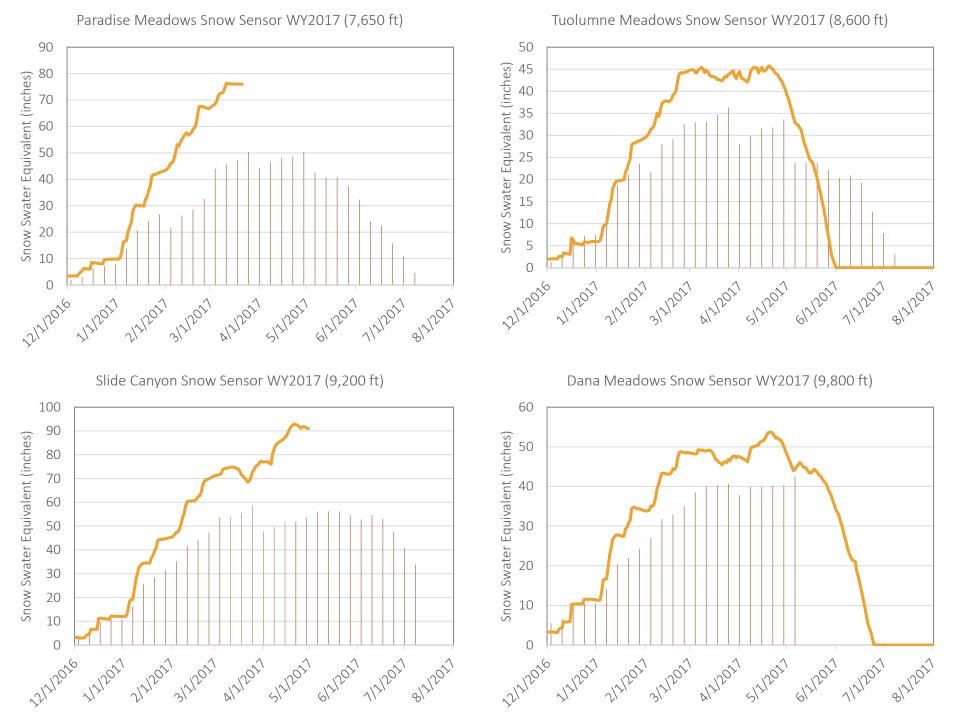




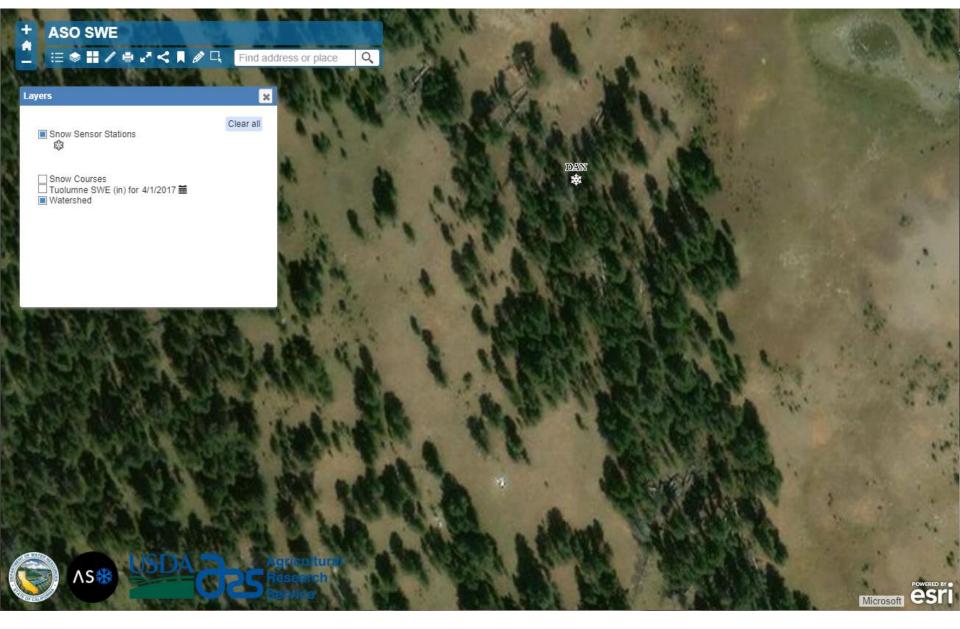
ASO FERIX

ASO/iSnobal data on FERIX

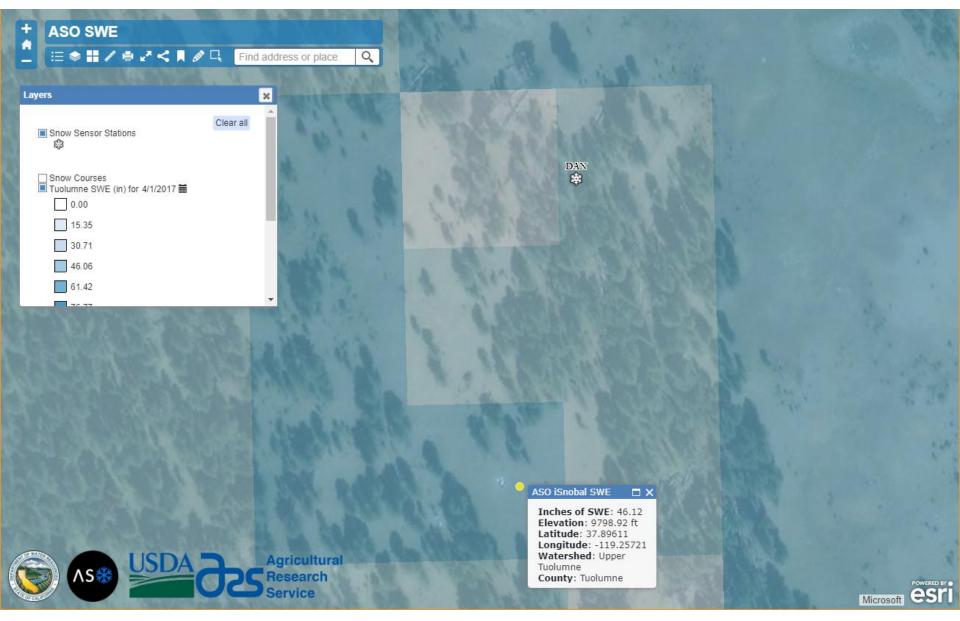




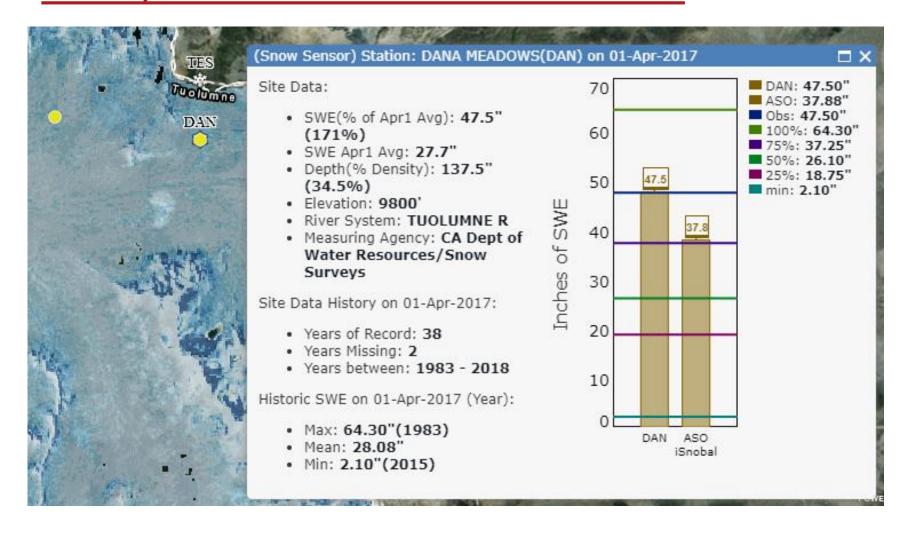
Better GPS Coordinates



Much better...



ASO/iSnobal data on FERIX







Questions?

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